Appl. No. 09/727,784.

Attorney Docket: 112884

## **CLAIMS**

The following listing replaces all previous listings of the claims:

## Listing of Claims:

1 -28 (Cancelled)

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29. (Previously presented) A video coding method, comprising:

identifying a video object from video data,

coding time instances of the video object as a plurality of coded video object planes (VOPs), assigning each of the VOPs to one of a plurality of video object layers (VOLs) for the video object based on the information content thereof,

assigning a priority to each VOL,

transmitting each VOL by:

transmitting an identifier of the VOL's priority, and transmitting VOPs of the VOL.

30. (Previously presented)

The video coding method of claim 29, wherein the identifier

comprises:

an is video object layer identifier flag, having a length of one bit that, when set to "1," indicates that priority is specified for the VOL.

video\_object\_layer\_priority field, having a length of three bits, taking values between 1 and 7, where 1 represents a highest priority and 7 represents a lowest priority.

31 - 33. (Cancelled).

34. (Previously presented) A video coding method, comprising:

identifying a video object from video data,

coding time instances of the video object as a plurality of coded video object planes (VOPs), assigning each of the VOPs to one of a plurality of video object layers (VOLs) based on

information content thereof,

assigning a priority to each VOL,



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determining whether transmission conditions permit transmission of all VOLs of the video object,

if not, discarding a lowest priority VOL, and transmitting remaining VOLs by: transmitting data representing the VOL's priority, and transmitting VOPs of the VOL.

35. (Previously presented) The video coding method of claim 34, wherein the identifier comprises:

an is\_video\_object\_layer\_identifier flag, having a length of one bit that, when set to "1," indicates that priority is specified for the VOL,

a video\_object\_layer\_prightly field, having a length of three bits, taking values between 1 and 7, where 1 represents a highest priority and 7 represents a lowest priority.

36 - 38. (Cancelled)

39. (Previously presented) A method of prioritizing encoded video data streams, the method comprising:

assigning priorities to video object layers associated with the video data streams;

adding priority data for each video object layer to the video data streams; and

transmitting the video object layers and priority data to a decoder according to the assigned

priority of each video object layer.

40. (Previously presented) The method of prioritizing an encoded video data stream of claim 39, wherein the priority data identifies which video object layer may be discarded in the event of limited memory or processor resources.

The method prioritizing encoded video data streams of claim 39, 1. (Previously presented)

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wherein the priority data identifies which video object layer may be discarded in the event of channel errors.

42. (Previously presented) The method prioritizing encoded video data streams of claim 39, wherein the indication of the priority of the video object layer is optional.

43. (Previously presented) The method of prioritizing encoded video data streams of claim 39, wherein information related to video object layers having a high priority is transmitted before information related to video object layers having a low priority.

44. (Previously presented) A method of decoding encoded bitstreams of claim 39, wherein the priority data identifies which video object layer to discard in the event of limited memory or processor resources.

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